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POPULAR

Computing WEEKLY

30 August — 5 September 1984

It's the best selling weekly

Vol 3 No 35

Top titles pirated



PORTUGAL's company Microcode Software is copying Spectrum software in large quantities. Based in Oporto, the company is offering around 34 packages for sale in Portugal.

Each contains two different top selling Spectrum titles. Don't a wide variety of software houses. The results aren't a hurriedly reproduced in full colour and the plays contain extensive instructions.



printed in Portugal. Not one of these games has been authorised by their original publishers. At least eight of the 16 packages in Microcode's catalogue come from Quicksilver. Many

game owners, that Quicksilver said, "Portugal seems to be one of the main offenders for this type of organised piracy. It's not the kids copying stuff that worry us so much, as the kind" (continued on page 12)

Virgin pushes for quality

VIRGIN Games' plans for the autumn reveal a change of strategy. The company will launch just one new title and this autumn

many of its existing games are to be deleted from Virgin's catalogue. Deleted titles include Ocean for the BBC, Blueprints and Ocean Power for the Spectrum, and all its Dragon titles.

"The best of our current software will be retained to £2.95 until the end of November. These are games like Falcon Force and Racing Manager. The deleted titles are only not-so-good products," said managing director Nick Alexander.

"We're raising the price because we've found that customers" (continued on page 12)

Computers takeover

CAMPBELL, manufacturer of the Lynx micro, which has been in development since June, is hoping to exchange contracts with a buyer.

Receivers Herbert Young says that final negotiations are now taking place.

Specter, the paper manufacturer, is reported to be the largest



Melbourne House reveals Holmes' latest case

THE long awaited Sherlock Holmes adventure from Melbourne House is now complete and should be available from mid-September. Like The Myster, Sherlock

Holmes was written by Philip Marshall in 'English', with complex sentence construction being understood and with characters looking inde" (continued on page 12)



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Database and Integrated business software

Thursday 6th, Friday 7th & Saturday 8th

Demonstration of Memotech MTX, FDX disc drives, Solidisc, the
incredible HFX graphics display using hard discs — RS128 — 128k
version of MTX

Monday 10th & Tuesday 11th

Commodore presentation — 64 MODEM AND COMPUNET — 1541
Express Loader — Printers and Monitor — SX64 Portable AND sneak
preview of PLUS 4 and Commodore 16!

Thursday 13th, Friday 14th & Saturday 15th

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Letters

Just too expensive

I am writing on the subject of your editorial in the August 18 issue.

While home computer market is suffering from disenchantment it has nothing to do with any lack of intelligent software.

There is only one reason for the depression and that is the price of computer software. For a person such as myself, like a great many other people, good quality arcade or adventure games are just too expensive for our allowance of pocket money. This means that when one of our boys gets one it is copied and passed around, a process which I am sure is taking place all over the country. The result is that the software houses lose out.

Can you really imagine the many thousands of "happy-go-lucky" arcade books buying documentaries or biographies for their money? The idea is totally ludicrous.

Steve Marshall
18 Rossmore Drive
Lewes
Sussex BN2 3JL

Microdrive utility

I read with great interest the microdrive utilities published this week on your Q&A page. I too have developed a similar program and would like to make a couple of observations which may save potential users many hours of fruitless bug-hunting.

(1) It is impossible to tell Macrae (or Dave for that matter) from procedures on his charts with the last issue issue — mine is 'AK. Attempting to do so results in the 'Not implemented message. The only ways around this are either to wait from the program via a flag after the 'ProcFid checked message has appeared or by the foolproof use of simple BASIC.

(2) The routines as listed start at line number 3000. This is undesirable as I randomise the Auto command window, whilst developing that at line 7 causes the problem.

Finally, by installing the following routine which comple-

tely wipes the screen — very useful where experimenting with different window sizes

100 DEF PROCWipeScreen
100 OPEN #18,SCR—
200 READ PARTIAL, I, J, K
#18, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z, [

170 END DEFPROC
To call this routine from Superbasic simply enter: WipeScreen
John Jarvis
18 Rossmore Drive
Lewes
Sussex BN2 3JL

Existing taxi

Could I ask for help from those of you computer wizards out there?

After patiently typing in the recently published Word Processor program by Simon Williams for the Commodore 64, I could not get it to print new text — although it appeared to allow for amendments to existing text.

Did anyone else have the same problem or can anyone explain what I am doing wrong?

P B Nash
7 Tankbury Close
Chislehurst
Cheshire CH5 7DG

A fab review

In the August column in your issue dated June 18, Boris Allen considered the subject of magazine reviews of computer books, and with a style of review that he related to as the 'Fab review'.

The article and the Boris took's random sample of such reviews and presents ques-

tions from the sample. I'm rather perplexed that all these questions are from the same issue of Personal Computer News, and furthermore, that they're drawn from reviews of only two books written by my good self.

I'd be the last person to suggest that Boris was suggesting that my reviews are superficial and unhelpful, and I just can't believe his article had anything to do with my not totally irretrievable review of his Q&A book in PCN issue 40. I wouldn't even like to think he has a warped sense of humour, but perhaps you could draw to his attention the fact that his readers' number presenter appears to be broken.

John Jarvis (Former Editor)
Personal Computer News
11 Chiswell Street
London W1A 8EG

Health and fitness

I would like to know the purpose of advertising a book on Frank Dinning in your classified ads section. Is this an attempt to bring health and fitness to all or gain-based, overweight computer addicts?

Derek Hawkins
105 Lane Hill Road
Woolley
Bradley
Leeds

Search us

Extra income

I have an excellent idea to lessen the problem of saving your favourite games on to 5.25 Microdisks.

The problem arises when software companies use machine code to load parts of programs to stop software pirates from making a profit. Tape copiers cannot change the machine code and therefore cannot copy the more complicated programs.

The solution is simple: customers with the tape version of the program simply send off the cassette tape, as proof of purchase, along with their Microdrive cartridge to the software company which would, for a small fee, copy the pro-

gram on to microdrive and, to prevent further copies being made, mask the cassette tape.

This would be a very good idea, as the buyer profits, by having a fast loading game, and the software company also has a source of extra income.

F J Cockburn
41 Mercury Close
Letchford
Leicestershire

Did he understand?

I would like to reply to comments made by W A George in the August 18 issue.

He says he wishes I had been "more loud". Does this mean he did not understand the article Q&A Page, August 18? Or is it that he was upset because the letters and concepts would not turn into his IDEAL?

I quite clearly stated that many basic students could not support such concepts because they did not have local variables and procedures and functions which could be called recursively.

Alan Tennant
Newport
Gwent

Increased piracy

In reply to Chris Hawford, I think that I must make the following points. Firstly, making their routines available to the general public is exactly what most programmers want to avoid, as they may have put a lot of time and effort into them. Making them generally available might eventually put them out of a job, with others being able to write similar programs.

Secondly, making the programs easy to copy also increases piracy and therefore reduces sales, another thing the programmer wants to avoid. Thinking that there is nothing wrong with copying software if you don't sell it is stupid, and people must realise that this is crippling the industry as much as organised piracy.

Stephen Graham
17 Deller Hill Avenue
London NW10 6ED



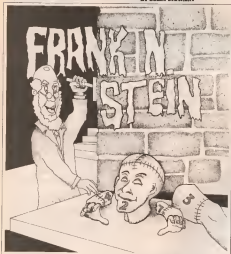
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THE GAME: 50 Systems requiring timing, logic and planning to complete

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RICHARD SHEPHERD SOFTWARE

Astrocrash

Destroy all the meteors with your laser but avoid the red ones in Kevin Hiley's game for 16K Spectrum

Astrocrash is an Asteroids-type game written in Basic for the 16K Spectrum. The substantive starting of this title as the listing explains how the game is played. Basically, the player has to destroy 50 meteors with his spaceship's laser to win. If his ship crashes into a meteor (or into one his power runs out, his loss). The meteors are not destroyed by crashing into the ship, so one meteor can have several crashes. There are some meteors (the red ones) home-in on the ship, it is therefore necessary to move away from them to gain room to manoeuvre. Manoeuvring consists of rotating either clockwise or anticlockwise or moving forward.

How

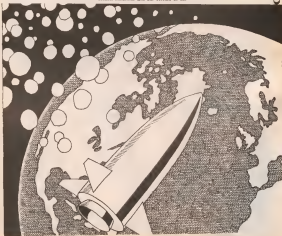
The game is controlled by means of the alphanumeric code at the beginning of the program.

The rocket's position is achieved by having four user-defined position characters (A, D), each allowing the rocket pointing in a different direction. The variable *ch* represents the ASCII code of the character as increased or decreased by 1 depending on the key pressed and the new character is then printed.

The number of meteors on the screen (*nc*) increases as the score increases but it never more than three. The line numbers, column numbers, and ink colours of the

meteors are held in three arrays - *lx*, *ly*, *lc*. To move the meteors, the line and column numbers are increased by values held in the array *dx* (ASCII to ASCII) for lines, *dy* to *dy* for columns. To enable the red meteors to home-in, the signs of the relevant values in *dx* are always kept such that these meteors move towards the rocket.

The laser effect is achieved by plotting a point (*px*, *py*) at the position of the rocket and drawing a line from that point, using the draw coordinates *dx*, *dy*, which are calculated according to the rocket's orientation. This line is shortened if a meteor is hit or if the rocket is near the edge of the screen.



Mud in your eye

Christina Erskine talks to Richard Bartle, creator of MUD, at Essex University

Richard Bartle must be extremely paranoid, that his A-Level grades weren't quite up to scratch. A grade higher, and he would have gone to his first choice of university, Exeter. If he had gone to Exeter, MUD might never have come into being.

As it happened, that eye-grade short took him to the University of Essex. The rest is probably D & D history.

About 3,000 people have completed Richard's creation, the Multi-user Dungeon in Essex's mainframe computer. In the four years that it has been running, only 34 have managed to reach the ultimate status of

Wizard or Witch.

So far, only members of the university's Computing Society and a few external users with FRS (Freeside Research Service) systems have been able to access the DEC-10 computer where this vast Dungeon and Dragons adventure is stored. Now Century Communications plans to publish MUD commercially so that it is available to the public, sometime next year.

"The idea for MUD's creation began when I met Roy Trubshaw, a fellow student at Essex, who had had a long-term interest in adventures, and wanted to set up a multi-user game. I had been playing D & D games since I was at school, mostly by mail, so I was extremely enthusiastic about the idea.

"They wrote and designed the core of the game — it took up most of his third year and earned his degree. After he'd graduated — just — I took over the game's development."

MUD started as a network of about 10 locations — a dungeon for the Computing Society. The word spread, however, and demand from external users — mainly American students to start with — made Richard expand to 30. Today's version has about 400 locations.

The game's development took up all of Richard's spare time in his third year — evenings and weekends.

"Having completed my degree course, I wasn't too keen on the look of the outside world, so I took the opportunity of doing a PhD in Artificial Intelligence like a shot. Now I'd be able to play with MUD satisfactorily, because I've been offered a lectureship at Essex."

At one point there were no major external players for the Computing Society's time to cope with. "I went to the university authorities, expecting them to disapprove strongly of giving more time to a 'hobby game' but they were surprisingly understanding, and arranged that we could play at night, when no-one else would be disturbed.

"When MUD 'goes public', it won't be on the university computer — the night hours will be too inconvenient. Either there will be one big computer with the whole lot on it, or lots of smaller ones linked to a larger one. But it should be capable of accepting input from any machine, even the very slow head ones. And obviously people will be charged, per hour, for playing the game."

"The essential aim of MUD is to collect treasure and drops in the treasure in order to collect points and enhance your status. The treasure may not always be obvious — you may wish that some 'dirty old gnomes' lying around. Giving them to a beggar may earn you goodwill, but watching them and discovering that when clean they're actually quite

valuable is a lot more useful.

Not only are the traditional assortment of villains out to get you — dragons, dwarfs, sorcerers — but the association between players can be volatile or decidedly vicious. We are aware as they roam — a senior lecturer in the computing department while away has been known while masquerading under the title of Ron the Basher Professor.

You can talk to other players — either to help or hinder — and you can 'incap' on them to find out where they are and what they're carrying.

Richard's title — as before the game's Lord High Priest — is Arch Wizard. His role frequently involves acting as mediator when squabbles between players break out.

"I have to make sure that everything is scored on accurately, as well. If I offend someone, they would wreak havoc in the game before leaving it. Also, I get a huge number of letters from people interested in learning how to play, wanting hints and so on."

Once you have become a wizard, as when if you adopted a female persona at the start, you remain one, and can't be expelled from your position. But you without specific goals to aim for, the 40 wounds and wishes still play. And you can always adopt a new identity and start the quest all-over again — the interaction with different characters means that no game is ever going to be the same.

"People certainly get very wrapped up in it, indeed, for me. I've known students stay behind at the holidays to have a go when they aren't going to be threatened by other players. What we start the commercial version, I'll probably start with about 100 lines open — at the moment, the maximum number at any one time is 30, and only six of those can be external players."

Most novice players end up getting immediately lost in the game, where the technicians are involved with various issues. Richard has commented all the words and wishes on the status — and some others as well. Roy Trubshaw has his own traditions, Brian Roberts, who wrote a chunk of the original game, is remembered, as is Nigel Roberts who extensively tested the game before it was launched to an unexpecting computing society.

My personal favourite is the much-documented MUD's Ballroom, Emporium.

A friend of mine and Roy's tried to set up his own multi-user game, called FRO, because he said it was a PhD to write. But he never had time to finish it, and when he gave it up, his major location was MUD's Ballroom, Emporium. Well, it beats radio destinations.

After an afternoon with MUD, I'll admit to being hooked. All I can say to anyone who doesn't have a machine/hot line for Century to make it available, is, get those GOLA lines off to Essex.



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Market Rd., Cambridge.

When I first bought my Electron I was obviously aware that it wasn't quite the same as its big brother the BBC, but such was the fact that it was a lot cheaper and that an interface providing a perfect port would be coming soon.

My hopes were well founded — it didn't take long to come and as I'd 40 it now gives me very nearly a big brother for about £200 as opposed to £300.

To me the Plus 1 is a very good value for money. It allows my Electron to at last

use a joystick, joystick and, eventually, Rom cartridges.

The analogue interface not only provides the facility for joystick but virtually, in theory, allows the Electron to be used in control applications. For electrical sense appears could, in principle, be coupled up. The interface measures electron currents and converts them to a numeric form.

However, being an analogue port does mean that any game requiring a joystick will need analogue units to be connected. Most of the other interfaces on the market so far for the Electron have used switched joysticks. Whilst Acorn's games needing joysticks will no doubt be compatible with the Plus 1, other software houses who already produce titles compatible with the available type may need some compensation to make their programs compatible.

Barling said that, I have found a very

strange mixing from key-controlled games to joystick control. Whilst my fingers have learned to locate accurately the required keys, my hand has yet to develop the reflexes necessary for the joystick.

For me the most important facility the Plus 1 offers is the Centronics-compatible parallel interface which allows me at long last to couple up to a printer. It's only really when you haven't got a printer that you realise its true value.

Not only that but I found the Plus 1 manual far more in-depth than the manuals I have read which accompany printers — the Plus 1 manual lists all the previously unlisted 'FX' calls that are needed when using a printer.

Another curiosity, the Plus 1 also has two Rom cartridge ports. Where do I get a Rom cartridge to try? To date it would appear that there aren't any to be had. The BBC B also has a cartridge facility though again there are no cartridges to use with it. All very strange.

This is a pity because Rom cartridges allow for virtually instant loading of games programs, etc, by merely plugging them in. No more time wasting with cassettes. It could also allow other computer languages to be used provided in the form of plug-in Roms. But only into the Plus 1 very good value for money, but at least it provides the kind of facilities before only available to BBC users.

The Plus 1 is a very nicely designed and powerful extension.

Fred Short

Extra Ram

Hardware 800 Disk Filing System
Micro BBC's Price £249.50
Supplier: MFM Software, 17 Cross Court
Road, Grimsby, South Humberside,
DN13 4QH.

One of the problems with Acorn's own disk filing system (DFS) is that it uses up some of the RAM (256K) that is usually available for programs.

MFM Software have produced a DFS that does not use up any of the available RAM. Unlike Acorn's DFS, which comes on a single chip, the MFM DFS comprises three chips, and is mounted on a two-inch square board.

When trying the MFM DFS with a large number of commercially produced programs, it performed well and no problems were found, however, in order to avoid using the RAM on the computer, some sacrifices have been made. The main trouble is that only four files can be open at the same time, whereas the Acorn DFS allows up to five.

The MFM DFS is intended for anyone who already has a DFS in their computer, but finds that the amount of RAM left for their programs is insufficient for them

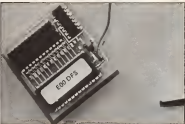
needs. The way in which the MFM DFS operates is the same as Acorn's and MFM assume that any manuals and formatting disks are provided by the supplier of the original DFS and therefore do not supply any themselves.

The MFM DFS cannot be considered to be fully Acorn compatible because of the

inability to open up to five files simultaneously. However, MFM do offer the facility to keep the original and their DFS as the substitute at the same time and to switch between them when necessary.

Only worth thinking about if you need a little extra RAM.

Stephen Samdell





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MATHS INVADERS Spectrum 48K, BBC, At Home, Commodore 64. A top
Provides excellent motivation to learn simple arithmetic. Subjects covered are
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Reviews

Zaps & paws

Program: *Spectrum Sound Effects* **Micro:** Spectrum **Price:** £10 **Supplier:** MFM Data Services, 141a Camden Road, Tulse-bridge Road, Tulse-bridge Wells, Kent TN1 3BA.

Let's face it — the Spectrum isn't ever going to have amazing sound no matter what.

What has been achieved with the programs that have appeared so far is nevertheless pretty impressive though — zaps and paws cannot be said to be amazing.

There are a few programs on sale to let you play around with the sound on the Spectrum — basically using machine code you can make a number

of very short beeping sounds appear to be one interesting sound.

Perhaps the best of these programs is *Spectrum Sound Effects* from MFM Data Services. This program lets you design and store sounds and then play them using the keyboard. It will even store you a sort of waveform for the sound. You can incorporate sounds into your own programs and keep a library of 50 sounds in the computer at any time.

Despite the limitations, it's certainly good fun for people who like to play around with sounds, although Commodore 64 owners should try to restrict their work.

Jon Watkinson



Sand-bags

Program: *Answer Book* **Author:** Peter Flett **£10** **Micro:** BBC **£** **Supplier:** Spectrum Software, 1 Fulgum Close, Harington, Doncaster, Leeds.

Save the master on the battlements from a nasty dragon! *Answer Book* the ques-

tion correctly and your hot-air balloon is free to chase the beast and launch it with sand-bags. That's the reward for success in Flett Spence's quiz program. It's important because otherwise you might not buy a quiz book. Apart from that lot of arcade action, you finish up with a score sheet that includes the number of mistakes noted.

After finishing a master bat-

Dizzy!

Program: *Alan Break* **£10** **Micro:** Electron **Price:** £10 **Supplier:** Romik Software, 873 Ayrill Avenue, Slough, Bucks.

My first impression when I saw the screen display of *Alan Break* it was how easy and ordinary that it was. For the Electron, at least. The ERM, the display of shots whizzing around the screen is enough to send you dizzy. What a pity, therefore, that the game doesn't allow continuous firing, but only one bullet at a time and that bullet reaches its target.

The master ship here pods that hatch on landing or split into two if shot. Other ships pool off from the main fleet and then towards holes made in the defences. The successful ones return into master ships which are indestructible.

Alan Break is a game between Space Invaders, Killer Blobs and a few other games, all at a similar price with a

dling program, you select one of 10 general knowledge questions such as 'Nature', 'TV Film and Theatre', 'Games and

similar objectives in mind. Having accepted the facts of regularity, there was much I was surprised with, not so much the game itself but in the way Romik Software have given a lot of consideration to the needs of the player.

At the beginning, you are allowed to choose your own keys with which to play, so when games producers choose difficult key combinations. You can also select the very beginning, choose your level of play. If this was, you're not so hot at some games, it gets rather discouraging to be stuck at one level.

Also a nice feature is the incorporation of an automatic demonstration of the game should you not get the game box to begin. How often are the instructions as clear as mud and, well, you're being killed several times, impossible to grasp the objective.

So while the game is like so many others it works pretty well for its own considered facilities. Well done, Romik Software.

Fred Hunt



What is a group of bees known as?



Spur? Then choose the number of questions and whether to be timed. There are three formats: multiple choice (choose ABC or D), yes/no or complete the sentence (where I'll let you guess and you have to type them in.) You can choose which format or have a random selection. I could not fault *Spur* by Romik's question variety.

The questions can be modified as you can insert your own. The master program makes the extremely easy and demands no programming knowledge. This handy class will recommend it to many teachers.

Finally, a word of special praise for Ben Woodcock's very attractive cover painting (14" x 11" when opened out). This helps make the program package into the same class as top-rate album covers, though it would not regardless of its own contents.

David Watkinson



Jungle life

Program: *Jungle Miles* Commodore 64 **Price:** \$14.95 **Supplier:** American DE, C&H, House, Col-didge III, Langston, Essex

Peril from *Adventure* is a standard jungle game for the Commodore 64. In fact, it bears an amazing similarity to another game recently reviewed — *Chibbert in the Jungle* — the setting, the hazards and the goals are all the same.



Not surprising then that — since this is the original — *Adventure* have recently added legal action to stop *Microdeal* continuing to sell *Chibbert* in this official version of the game you have to guide someone called Harry through the jungle in search of various valuable (but money bags, silver and gold bars and diamond bags. However, there

are plenty of obstacles in his way — if the crocodiles or snakes don't get you, the mosquitoes or mites may probably will. You have to avoid these hazards by either jumping over them or swinging over them on a vine. An alternative route is via the underground tunnels, but these routes directly accept and the path is sometimes blocked by lava walls.

Although the range of hazards is quite small, variety is produced by changing their distribution on the different screens as Harry runs through

the jungle. The graphics are fairly decent, and the overall presentation is better than the otherwise almost identical *Chibbert in the Jungle*. Like *Chibbert* the game is good for a while, but it soon becomes rather repetitive.

Richard Corfield



Defenated

Program: *Blacker Price* (T&H) **Price:** £10 **Supplier:** T&H, Entree Industrial Estate, Liverpool

The last action game by Martin J. Spinks (another cunning) to collect a set of defenators. You can only tread on blocks, but they disintegrate after you pass as though a path with time. There is some wraparound so you can go to a single step from one edge of the screen to the opposite one. Obstacles in the form of TNT sticks appear on some blocks — be there and you die. You must complete the task in 30 seconds or be dead by a million volts.

Just to make the task harder, you are pursued by giant boos if they trap you as it's all over between frames of the map game there is a diversion for some points. A simpler version of the field of blocks is presented with just one defenator at the bottom of the screen. You start by jumping left to right at the top of the screen and choose your moment to dive for the defenator — trying to avoid any TNT.

The action, if not totally original, is fast, furious and just simple enough for you to feel frustrated when you cannot quite make it, so you try again and again. Very good too.

Dave Atkinson



Forgettable

Program: *Cave of the Miles* Commodore 64 **Price:** £14.95 **Supplier:** Source Software, 1 The Cross, Chislehurst, London

Oscar's Cave from *Source Software* follows the current trend of combining an adventure game with some graphics to add to the interest.

In the game, you find yourself in a mysterious cave complex, into which you have inadvertently wandered. To escape, you must collect up 40 units of treasure, including that guarded by the cave dwellers of your choice, and then defeat the mighty Oracle, all within five days.

The screen is divided into various sections. The top half shows you a picture of the part of the cave where you are currently standing. Another

pane displays your present status — energy, strength and what you are carrying. A third area gradually builds up a map of the cave, which gives you the better of knowing your own.

It is a fairly standard, uncomplicated adventure with not many locations or objects to bother about. Although quite nicely presented, the game does have one or two irritants. For example, all the commands and objects are represented by one-letter codes which are rather forgettable. Also, if you accidentally clear the screen, the display is ruined and it never starts itself out.

It is difficult to see who that game will appeal to. Dedicated adventure gamers will probably find it too simple and there is no action to appeal to casual fans.

Richard Corfield



Gin sling

Program: *Shaken Not Stirred* **Price:** £14.95 **Supplier:** Soft in the Head, Front basement, 67 Ebury Court Square, London SW1E 5EQ

The first non-serious GI program (well, serious to some maybe) is *Shaken Not Stirred* by the wonderfully named Soft in the Head Software.

What the ingenuity and wit of the program does is provide you with the recipe for most cocktails known to mankind.

The system to find the cocktail could hardly be simpler, you simply type in a series of letters and the computer

finds any cocktail or ingredients containing those letters; for example, typing 'm' will find you Margarita whilst you will find you both the cocktail producer as well as produce the ingredients.

The only problem appears to be that there is no facility to add your own cocktails to the database and I suspect that many of the cocktails are also known by a vast number of other names so a thorough collection would have been useful.

It should also be noted that the program costs £14.95 a price doubtless not unrelated to the fact that the disk micro-drive cost £1.

Ian Watkinson



SHAKEN NOT STIRRED

1. Gin & Tonic
 2. Vodka & Tonic
 3. Rum & Tonic
 4. Whisky & Tonic
 5. Tequila & Tonic
 6. Brandy & Tonic
 7. Cognac & Tonic
 8. Champagne & Tonic
 9. Prosecco & Tonic
 10. Sparkling Water & Tonic
 11. Fizz & Tonic
 12. Soda & Tonic
 13. Lemonade & Tonic
 14. Orange Juice & Tonic
 15. Apple Juice & Tonic
 16. Grapefruit Juice & Tonic
 17. Pineapple Juice & Tonic
 18. Strawberry Juice & Tonic
 19. Raspberry Juice & Tonic
 20. Blueberry Juice & Tonic
 21. Blackberry Juice & Tonic
 22. Elderberry Juice & Tonic
 23. Elderflower Juice & Tonic
 24. Elderflower Liqueur & Tonic
 25. Elderflower Syrup & Tonic
 26. Elderflower Honey & Tonic
 27. Elderflower Sugar & Tonic
 28. Elderflower Salt & Tonic
 29. Elderflower Vinegar & Tonic
 30. Elderflower Oil & Tonic
 31. Elderflower Wax & Tonic
 32. Elderflower Resin & Tonic
 33. Elderflower Gum & Tonic
 34. Elderflower Latex & Tonic
 35. Elderflower Sap & Tonic
 36. Elderflower Juice & Tonic
 37. Elderflower Extract & Tonic
 38. Elderflower Essence & Tonic
 39. Elderflower Absolute & Tonic
 40. Elderflower Concentrate & Tonic
 41. Elderflower Paste & Tonic
 42. Elderflower Powder & Tonic
 43. Elderflower Pellets & Tonic
 44. Elderflower Tablets & Tonic
 45. Elderflower Capsules & Tonic
 46. Elderflower Syring & Tonic
 47. Elderflower Needle & Tonic
 48. Elderflower Catheter & Tonic
 49. Elderflower Stethoscope & Tonic
 50. Elderflower X-ray & Tonic
 51. Elderflower Ultrasound & Tonic
 52. Elderflower MRI & Tonic
 53. Elderflower CT & Tonic
 54. Elderflower PET & Tonic
 55. Elderflower SPECT & Tonic
 56. Elderflower DEXA & Tonic
 57. Elderflower Bone Scan & Tonic
 58. Elderflower Heart Scan & Tonic
 59. Elderflower Lung Scan & Tonic
 60. Elderflower Kidney Scan & Tonic
 61. Elderflower Liver Scan & Tonic
 62. Elderflower Gallbladder Scan & Tonic
 63. Elderflower Pancreas Scan & Tonic
 64. Elderflower Spleen Scan & Tonic
 65. Elderflower Stomach Scan & Tonic
 66. Elderflower Intestine Scan & Tonic
 67. Elderflower Colon Scan & Tonic
 68. Elderflower Rectum Scan & Tonic
 69. Elderflower Uterus Scan & Tonic
 70. Elderflower Vagina Scan & Tonic
 71. Elderflower Penis Scan & Tonic
 72. Elderflower Testis Scan & Tonic
 73. Elderflower Prostate Scan & Tonic
 74. Elderflower Bladder Scan & Tonic
 75. Elderflower Urethra Scan & Tonic
 76. Elderflower Ventricle Scan & Tonic
 77. Elderflower Atrium Scan & Tonic
 78. Elderflower Septum Scan & Tonic
 79. Elderflower Valve Scan & Tonic
 80. Elderflower Cord Scan & Tonic
 81. Elderflower Placenta Scan & Tonic
 82. Elderflower Fetus Scan & Tonic
 83. Elderflower Baby Scan & Tonic
 84. Elderflower Child Scan & Tonic
 85. Elderflower Teen Scan & Tonic
 86. Elderflower Adult Scan & Tonic
 87. Elderflower Elderly Scan & Tonic
 88. Elderflower Death Scan & Tonic
 89. Elderflower Life Scan & Tonic
 90. Elderflower Universe Scan & Tonic
 91. Elderflower Everything Scan & Tonic
 92. Elderflower Nothing Scan & Tonic
 93. Elderflower Somewhere Scan & Tonic
 94. Elderflower Anywhere Scan & Tonic
 95. Elderflower Everywhere Scan & Tonic
 96. Elderflower Nowhere Scan & Tonic
 97. Elderflower Somewhere Scan & Tonic
 98. Elderflower Anywhere Scan & Tonic
 99. Elderflower Everywhere Scan & Tonic
 100. Elderflower Nowhere Scan & Tonic



Invisible wall

Program *App School Micro*
Commodore 65 Price £2.95
Supplier Dimension 11, 81 The Broadway, Scotland, Midloth.

It's a pleasant change to come across a new arcade game which seems to have an original theme. In *App School* from Dimension 11, as the name implies, you have to perform various tricky tasks which even James Bond might find intimidating.

You have to shoot down a whole squadron of enemy helicopters. You have to collect a briefcase (no doubt full of secret documents) and make your escape while dodging dangerous boats which trigger off a deadly mine of shells. Or

you have to find your way to safety through a mine or trap, mine and terrible walls.

After you complete each task the control helicopter arrives to fly you back to home base. If you achieve all the objectives on level one the whole process is repeated, but it's made a bit more tricky.

The game is quite interesting for a while, especially as the theme is rather unusual, but, unfortunately, it does become rather repetitive.

What is more, the graphics and sound are rather lacklustre and really not up to the high standard which most games for the 64 now achieve.

A pity, because the idea itself has plenty of potential.

Richard Goodfield



Melt-down

Program *Atom Smasher Micro*
Electron Price £5.95
Supplier Nordic Software, 272 Acryd Avenue, Engham, Berks.

The object of *Atom Smasher* is to prevent melt-down of a nuclear reactor. All I can say is, if what the game requires is all that is needed to prevent the real thing happening, then living as I do within two miles of a nuclear power station which was approximately nine years behind schedule and is currently sited 'off line' because of 'slight tech-pro', it does not justify the constant worry I have of the real thing happening.

The game begins with a blue electron moving rather randomly around the nucleus. To delay melt-down you must shoot the proton, which moves

around the purple nucleus, with your remote controlled super laser.

Each time you shoot the proton, an extra electron appears. If you collide with an electron, you lose one of your three lives. If you shoot an electron, everything speeds up for a short time until the electron cools down a little. If you delay shooting, melt-down starts.

The molten debris up-pressures the nucleus from each side. You can blast the debris away, but the only way that you can stop a melt-down is to keep shooting the proton.

That's the theory of the game. *Atom Smasher* is yet another example of the actual game not living up to the excitement which the written hints attempt so colourfully to achieve into a prospective purchase.



Fred Short

Star map

Program *Starfinder Polar*
£7.95 Micro 800 8 Supplier
Microsoft, Holborn Circus, London WC1P 1DQ.

Starfinders could only exist as a Placement or as a computer. The main program shows you the stars — from anywhere on Earth and at any time between 1st January 1990 and 1st December 2186. You can look in any direction and zoom in on some of interest.

The constellations can be outlined and named, and by plotting a cursor over any star, you can learn its vital statistics. It's even possible to dump key images onto an Epson printer

and carry a star map with you at night.

There is a mass of information in this program and booklet, if a home astronomy course to life. You can even watch stars move as the night progresses.

The second part is *Polar System* which provides stellar detailed views of our home area, paying special attention to the Moon and Halley's comet. The comet comes close in 1986 and every 76 years and early 1986 will be the best time to see it.

The program is accurate about star sizes, posed ROMs on board your host. A quick point of PS&SD-2 before loading solves that.

Dawn Watkinson



Deadly spikes

Program *Ghost Micro*
Electron Price £5.95
Supplier Nordic Software, 272 Acryd Avenue, Engham, Berks.

I was beginning to wonder if games invention had run out of ideas, some quite a bit of so called 'new' games have obviously been variations of older tried and tested models. *Ghost* really comes into the category with its random nature to *Pacman* type games.

Your task is to reverse the power grids from the energy mansion on the top of the hill. Sounds easy until you are confronted with deadly spikes, not to mention the nasty spider that jumps up and down ready

to catch you. Taking the yellow cubes earns you extra points and a strong power jewel causes the ghosts to disappear.

The game gives you the choice of try control or joystick, but not those used with *Amos*'s *Plus 1*. This highlights the problem *Amos* have given their *Plus 1* buyers, since its *Electron* interface have opted for the more familiar switch type joystick and games producers like *Micro* have been disappointed switched joystick option.

Like the cowardly white game, the option of stopping the action mid-game, stand or no stand and score important, the option of returning to the instructions.

Fred Short



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Recalled from memory

Orange Brown helps you trace characters in memory with his machine code program.

The **enter** function made routine allow you to input the coordinates of a character position and it will return with the address in the display file that corresponds to the top pixel row of that position. This may be useful with a larger machine made program where the construction of a graphics is required. Once the top pixel address is known, the remaining lines can be found simply by adding 256 to each address until the complete character position is filled, i.e., in some ways, easier to do this routine in Basic but the machine made version shown here is intended as a sub-routine to a larger program that can be called when required.

The program itself is quite simple and makes use of the following formula:

Top. Address (E T) = $100M + \text{INT}(M/Y) \cdot 100M + (E - \text{INT}(M/Y) \cdot 100M) \cdot Y$
where E = Row coordinate

T = Golman coordinate using the
Bentley II device

The program is shown in listing 1 in a demonstration form and uses 10 to 50 fields for code directly from memory. It uses the printer buffer as destination for printer if you have one. I use the printer buffer for testing my short routines since *Assembly* does not need to be moved and at 800 bytes (over it is big enough for most routines).

The program asks you first for the row coordinates then the column coordinates of the supplied position. It will return from the routine and print the address. If the routine is included in a subroutine with a larger program, then the swapping of the IL and the HC registers is not strictly required. This was done as part of the demonstration to enable the calculated value to be "hardwired" to the Home Address register.

LD	HL	Load address containing ECU
LD	HL, @RPN(0)	Load address
LD	R, @HL	Put in reg. R
DEC	HL	Point to address of COUNTER

1. **Introduction**
 2. **Methodology**
 3. **Results**
 4. **Discussion**
 5. **Conclusion**

POSTNET	composed, modulus is 10.
ADD A, B	Store this value on stack
LD A, A	Add 1 to the STACK byte at
LD A, B	(B)
POST INC	Get STACK contents
	Load INC with stack pointer

RESEARCH

1990-1991	1.0	1.0
1991-1992	1.0	1.0
1992-1993	1.0	1.0
1993-1994	1.0	1.0
1994-1995	1.0	1.0
1995-1996	1.0	1.0
1996-1997	1.0	1.0
1997-1998	1.0	1.0
1998-1999	1.0	1.0
1999-2000	1.0	1.0
2000-2001	1.0	1.0
2001-2002	1.0	1.0
2002-2003	1.0	1.0
2003-2004	1.0	1.0
2004-2005	1.0	1.0
2005-2006	1.0	1.0
2006-2007	1.0	1.0
2007-2008	1.0	1.0
2008-2009	1.0	1.0
2009-2010	1.0	1.0
2010-2011	1.0	1.0
2011-2012	1.0	1.0
2012-2013	1.0	1.0
2013-2014	1.0	1.0
2014-2015	1.0	1.0
2015-2016	1.0	1.0
2016-2017	1.0	1.0
2017-2018	1.0	1.0
2018-2019	1.0	1.0
2019-2020	1.0	1.0
2020-2021	1.0	1.0
2021-2022	1.0	1.0
2022-2023	1.0	1.0
2023-2024	1.0	1.0
2024-2025	1.0	1.0
2025-2026	1.0	1.0
2026-2027	1.0	1.0
2027-2028	1.0	1.0
2028-2029	1.0	1.0
2029-2030	1.0	1.0
2030-2031	1.0	1.0
2031-2032	1.0	1.0
2032-2033	1.0	1.0
2033-2034	1.0	1.0
2034-2035	1.0	1.0
2035-2036	1.0	1.0
2036-2037	1.0	1.0
2037-2038	1.0	1.0
2038-2039	1.0	1.0
2039-2040	1.0	1.0
2040-2041	1.0	1.0
2041-2042	1.0	1.0
2042-2043	1.0	1.0
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2044-2045	1.0	1.0
2045-2046	1.0	1.0
2046-2047	1.0	1.0
2047-2048	1.0	1.0
2048-2049	1.0	1.0
2049-2050	1.0	1.0
2050-2051	1.0	1.0
2051-2052	1.0	1.0
2052-2053	1.0	1.0
2053-2054	1.0	1.0
2054-2055	1.0	1.0
2055-2056	1.0	1.0
2056-2057	1.0	1.0
2057-2058	1.0	1.0
2058-2059	1.0	1.0
2059-2060	1.0	1.0
2060-2061	1.0	1.0
2061-2062	1.0	1.0
2062-2063	1.0	1.0
2063-2064	1.0	1.0
2064-2065	1.0	1.0
2065-2066	1.0	1.0
2066-2067	1.0	1.0
2067-2068	1.0	1.0
2068-2069	1.0	1.0
2069-2070	1.0	1.0
2070-2071	1.0	1.0
2071-2072	1.0	1.0
2072-2073	1.0	1.0
2073-2074	1.0	1.0
2074-2075	1.0	1.0
2075-2076	1.0	1.0
2076-2077	1.0	1.0
2077-2078	1.0	1.0
2078-2079	1.0	1.0
2079-2080	1.0	1.0
2080-2081	1.0	1.0
2081-2082	1.0	1.0
2082-2083	1.0	1.0
2083-2084	1.0	1.0
2084-2085	1.0	1.0
2085-2086	1.0	1.0
2086-2087	1.0	1.0
2087-2088	1.0	1.0
2088-2089	1.0	1.0
2089-2090	1.0	1.0
2090-2091	1.0	1.0
2091-2092	1.0	1.0
2092-2093	1.0	1.0
2093-2094	1.0	1.0
2094-2095	1.0	1.0
2095-2096	1.0	1.0
2096-2097	1.0	1.0
2097-2098	1.0	1.0
2098-2099	1.0	1.0
2099-2100	1.0	1.0
2100-2101	1.0	1.0
2101-2102	1.0	1.0
2102-2103	1.0	1.0
2103-2104	1.0	1.0
2104-2105	1.0	1.0
2105-2106	1.0	1.0
2106-2107	1.0	1.0</

PER. NO.	PER. NO. and NO.
PER. NO.	PER. NO.
PER.	PER.

Part II: Test C
Start by copying the
local results and run to find
which process portion the
response belongs to in
these data tables on which
Add it to the SCDF by its
ID.
Get SCDF coordinates.
Local LOC with various pointers
to the
Readers (SWF) then go to the
a coordinate table by a

Country	Year	Value
USA	1990	1.00
USA	1991	1.00
USA	1992	1.00
USA	1993	1.00
USA	1994	1.00
USA	1995	1.00
USA	1996	1.00
USA	1997	1.00
USA	1998	1.00
USA	1999	1.00
USA	2000	1.00
USA	2001	1.00
USA	2002	1.00
USA	2003	1.00
USA	2004	1.00
USA	2005	1.00
USA	2006	1.00
USA	2007	1.00
USA	2008	1.00
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USA	2017	1.00
USA	2018	1.00
USA	2019	1.00
USA	2020	1.00
USA	2021	1.00
USA	2022	1.00
USA	2023	1.00
USA	2024	1.00
USA	2025	1.00
USA	2026	1.00
USA	2027	1.00
USA	2028	1.00
USA	2029	1.00
USA	2030	1.00
USA	2031	1.00
USA	2032	1.00
USA	2033	1.00
USA	2034	1.00
USA	2035	1.00
USA	2036	1.00
USA	2037	1.00
USA	2038	1.00
USA	2039	1.00
USA	2040	1.00
USA	2041	1.00
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ANSWER: **COULD** means
that the verb the **LAST** type
of **IS**.
(Source: **IS**, **could** **IS**)

1111

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The sequencing of the [H] and [M] registers is only required data program intelligence to communicate the command. That is to ensure that the address register can be put into the state required. Put the storage address. If the system is good to a sub routine within a larger POC program. But the address can be left in the [M] register. It is assumed the need for this sequence.

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[illegible]

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Tracing a line

Andrew Pennell makes use of the QL's multi-tasking to give the machine a Trace facility

This program uses the most powerful feature of the QL — multi-tasking — to add a Trace ability to Superbase.

To my knowledge, not only is this the first QL machine-code program to be published, but it must be the first to use multi-tasking. What follows is to setup a small program that constantly monitors basic, and prints the current line number at the top of the screen. It can do this as it previously runs at the same time as the basic interpreter.

To use it, firstly type in the listing, and save it under name: line, line.c, and you should be greeted with "loaded OK". If you get "wrong data" then you must have made a mistake in the data somewhere. To run the Trace on, you have to call 261120 (its important that you only do this call once). You should get "L" printed at the very top left of the screen. What you should call MYTIME, which sets the speed of the trace to an average value. From now on, any

program that runs should be accompanied by a display along the top of the screen of the line number each time it changes, separated by dashes.

On my terminal, there is quite a gap between the top of the screen, and the top of the listing window. If you don't have such a gap on yours, you can change line 355 to position your Trace window at a more convenient place, but try not to make it clash with any other windows. If you changed it to <ctrl>"left" then the trace will appear on a printer, but firstly see the printer's manual using control codes, or else it will all be printed on one line of paper.

A machine-code program the size of this multi-tasking is known as a "job", and normally on the QL only one job is running — the basic interpreter. However, what the machine-code does is to set up a second job, the sole purpose of which is to print line numbers every time they change. Each job

has a speed factor, from 1 to 32, and this determines how fast it runs compared to the other jobs. Basic runs at the maximum of 32, but *Tracemo* in OS is at speed of 8, and this is what the CALL MYTIME is for — you can change the speed of the Trace. Normally 8 is OK, but sometimes it gives better results, and if you want to be extravagant you could get it to run at 32. Note that the faster you make the Trace, the slower Basic runs at, so there's a trade-off. A speed of 32 will make Basic half its normal speed. A speed of 0 will switch Trace off, and make Basic run normally.

With Trace enabled, the *Debug* function cannot be used, and will give a "too complex" error. Also, during some I/O operations, you can get strange numbers printed, and a Mode instruction makes the print-out disappear, for [as yet] unknown reasons. After you've run the loader program, you can safely do a *Menu* — Trace will remain on, and possibly hanging.

An assembly language listing of the program, along with manual of other information, will shortly be available in my forthcoming book *Assembly Language Programming on the QL* published by *Heinemann Books*.

```

10 REMark #####
20 REMark ##### TRACe #####
30 REMark sm(C) Andrew Pennell 1984ee
40 REMark #####
50 REPEAT makeroom
60 IF RESP(0)=261120 THEN EXIT makeroom
70 g=RESP(1034)
80 END REPEAT makeroom
90 t=0
100 RESTORE
110 FOR i=261120 TO 261320
120 READ a
130 FOR i,act=t+1
140 NEXT i
150 IF i<10342 THEN PRINT @i;"wrong
data";STOP
160 a=t+scr_400+12a40+4*
170 FOR i=0 TO 261220,LEN(a)
180 FOR i=0 TO LEN(a)-1:PRINT a[i];
DOO(i+1);
190 PRINT "TRACE loaded OK"
210 PRINT "to setup: CALL 261120"
220 PRINT "speed : CALL 261170,?"
230 DATA 114,0,34,40,0,0,0,42
240 DATA 44,121,34,67,113,1,79,40
250 DATA 47,250,0,74,34,129,34,124
260 DATA 0,3,253,124,34,40,0,0
270 DATA 0,43,14,317,84,303,253,253
280 DATA 112,1,110,2,40,250,0,54
290 DATA 70,44,47,250,0,30,34,134
300 DATA 14,40,1,10,34,50,1,32
310 DATA 114,1,110,0,79,40,79,117
320 DATA 34,121,0,2,120,104,34,100
330 DATA 0,4,19,45,0,19,44,120
340 DATA 70,117,0,0,0,0,0,0
350 DATA 0,3,253,253,0,15,82,47
360 DATA 82,79,52,40,40,80,47,54
370 DATA 45,32,40,80,52,0,0,0
380 DATA 0,0,0,0,44,124,0,4
390 DATA 0,0,32,121,0,3,253,70
400 DATA 34,121,0,2,120,14,30,44
410 DATA 0,300,179,121,0,3,253,70
420 DATA 103,253,0,1,19,0,3,253,70
430 DATA 10,40,0,40,110,253,113,5
440 DATA 70,47,50,37,0,3,253,80
450 DATA 92,121,0,0,0,204,70,144
460 DATA 96,300

```


No guesses, no wishful thinking – the circulation of this magazine is audited to the strict professional standards administered by the Audit Bureau of Circulations



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Error trap

Wayne Smithson helps cut down Dragon loading problems with this machine code utility

Although the Dragon has separate memory and loading procedures in memory of its design, that doesn't stop the dreaded IO Error occurring...

There is a program to combat the IO Error and so relieve the frustration of Dragon owners everywhere.

This program sits at the top of Ram and, whenever a Glord or Chord is entered as typed in, the program waits until you close and, if an IO Error occurs, the program effectively types a message for you. When you type Chord or in, the program doesn't remember the name, however, that it is when you get an IO Error in the middle

of a program or you type in the wrong name. In other words, the computer will search for a file of the name typed unless an IO Error is encountered, in which case the next valid file will be loaded in.

After some thought, I decided not to check for an IO Error. This is because you may want to find a file on a cassette without loading it in. To do this just type Chord for a Basic program and Glord for a machine code program. The computer will click through the tape until it finds the file, the name will be printed on the screen and an IO Error will occur. You will then be just past the beginning of that program, and

no corruption will have taken place.

The program itself occupies 80 bytes at the top of Ram, it isn't reprogrammable unless you have an assembler. The Basic loader will overwrite machine code and check it for mistakes. The assembler listing is included with brief notes for those interested. Some locations of interest are -

40400 Whenever an error occurs, Basic jumps here and does nothing in particular, so you can alternatively enter place for a machine code stack(4000, 40400) if it suits you.

40400 To bypass a Basic command is typed in, a jump to make here which does nothing so therefore this will give you what you want but don't type in Chord or in (40400, 40400).

40400 Basic pointer addresses a Basic file name & address pointed to by this location. I load & 4000 with the file name and the computer will think it is a machine Basic file (Glord), Basic file name will wait in it. The Basic loaders can be found at PCW (40400, 40400) Chord (40400) and please note that Glord refers to the

Chord name - 40400 (40400, 40400).

```
*****IO ERROR GO HOME*****
*****THE J SMITHSON*****
ORG #32768 *THESE CAN BE
PUT #32768 *CHANGED.
```

```
CHPA #153 *CLOAD/M ?
BNE OUT *NO, RETURN
LDB #4
CMPB #77 *CLOAD/M
BEG MCODE *YES, KEEP 'B'
CLRB *NO, CLEAR 'B'
MCODE STD #7FFE *TEMP. STORE
LDB ERROR
STX #82 *INTERCEPT
LDB #82 *ERROR HANDLER
STA #81 *TO MY ROUTINE
LDB #153 *CLOAD/M TOKEN
OUT RTS
ERROR CMPB #42 *IO ERROR ?
BEG IOERR *YES, RELOAD
CLEAR LDB #4099 *RESTORE ERROR
STX #81 *HANDLER
STX #82
RTS
IOERR LDB #7FFE *GET TEMP.
LDB #4 *STORE & CLEAR
CLR #7 *PUT TEMP. AT
STD #7 *IF LESS '1'
CMPB #8 *CLOAD ?
BEG CLOAD *YES
LDB #77 *NO, CLOAD/M
CLOAD JSR #6804 *JSR CLOAD/M
BEG CLEAR *GOTO BASIC.
```

```
9 CLEAR268, 32768, CLS *PRINT 'machine code
load.ng'
1 FORH=1 TO 45:READ A#
2 POKE32768+H,VAL("MH"+A#):PRINT932, 3276
9+H
3 C=C+VAL("MH"+A#):NEXT
4 IF C<2771 THENPRINT"seek-up!"*SOUND1,
1*END
5 POKE378,407F:'HEX ADDRESS OF
6 POKE379,4060:'MY ROUTINE.
7 POKE377,407F:'TO ENABLE
8 *POKE377,4060 TO DISABLE.
9 PRINT'load success!17*SOUND150,10
10 DATA 81,89,28,19,9C,46,E6,81,C1,4D,27
,81,3F,FD,2F,FE,DE,2F,DE,8F,81,82,86,2E,
87,81,81,86,89,38,C1,2A,27,8A,DE,3D,3B,8
F,81,81,8F,81,82,38,FC,2F,FE,1B,9C,4D,8F
,21,4D,42,C1,88,27,82,86,4D,8D,86,04,28,
E1
```

```
*****> BASIC LOADER <*****
```


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In the heat of the night

Alex Treacher's program enables you to predict and calculate the rate of metabolic clearance.

I find that observing meteor showers, or shooting stars, can be the most satisfying thing I can do anytime. All you need is a dark-clear and warm clothing (it gets quite chilly at last, even in the summer). To make accurate observations you will need a tape recorder or pen and paper to note what you see. Then sit or back and watch.

The activity of a particular meteor shower — i.e., meteors per hour — starts off at zero, increases, peaks, and then decreases again. The date and time of these occurrences can be found in various publications, such as *The Astronomical Almanac*, and the *Handbook of the British Astronomical Association*, as they vary from year to year. The activity is measured for the Southern Streamer Rain (SSR), if the radiant is, the point in the sky the meteors seem to be coming from, was directly overhead — at the zenith — and the weather conditions were perfect, the number of meteors observed every hour should come very close to the SSR. Are all these conditions ever met? Not a chance.

Based on the program, working on average figures for the showers' rates, which strictly speaking ought to be updated every year, the program calculates the Expected Hourly Rate for the showers included in the program. I have excluded data on several major showers, as they are often difficult to estimate. To include these data would be to

each day should be put into the data for array *STN* (lines 1490-1500), add the appropriate data between lines 1510 and 1530, and give the day-number to array *DATE* (lines 1550-1560) to recognize the appropriate dates, and to collect the data.

None of the showers extend beyond the dates in the program, but on the 22th of these days is less than five. The showers would hardly be noticeable. I have made the United the exception to this rule because they are very poorly observed. They occur at close to Christmas that, even if the day is clear, everyone is full of business that makes are the last thing on their minds.

I'm still working on the Fieric-Signe and it's going to be bloody! In the meantime, good afternoon.

[illegible]

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<p>1. Introduction</p> <p>2. Methodology</p> <p>3. Results</p> <p>4. Discussion</p> <p>5. Conclusion</p>	<p>1. Introduction</p> <p>2. Methodology</p> <p>3. Results</p> <p>4. Discussion</p> <p>5. Conclusion</p>
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Diagnoses: Mammals of day (1-2002) that have been collected.

2004/01/01: Update: New answers due to review

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 213. **Figure 204**
 214. **Figure 205**
 215. **Figure 206**
 216. **Figure 207**
 217. **Figure 208**

Black, 1999; How the pollsters do

The Activity supported for data and time collected

Re Right Asymmetry of redness (Continued)
 Flaw: Undulations of redness (Continued)

Abstract: *Chlamydia trachomatis* is the most common bacterial sexually transmitted infection (STI) in the United States. The purpose of this study was to determine the prevalence of *C. trachomatis* in a community-based sample of men and women in the United States. A cross-sectional study was conducted in 2001-2002 among 1,000 men and 1,000 women aged 18-49 years in the United States. The prevalence of *C. trachomatis* was 1.1% (95% CI 0.5-1.7%) among men and 1.1% (95% CI 0.5-1.7%) among women. The prevalence of *C. trachomatis* was higher among men and women who were sexually active, had a recent sexual partner, and had a history of STI. The prevalence of *C. trachomatis* was higher among men and women who were sexually active, had a recent sexual partner, and had a history of STI. The prevalence of *C. trachomatis* was higher among men and women who were sexually active, had a recent sexual partner, and had a history of STI.

100-110 Year ages, numerical input for all responses. This should be in decimal form, 1000-1100 identifies which stream reaches (1st reach and oldest stream desc.

400 Poles are working on the chain of mountains,
450-510. They have done.

(2025-10-01) If the year for the selected date is zero, the program assumes that no reference is required.

1950-1959 Days for individual streams.
1960-1969 Days for each day of year

Age Group	Total (%)	Male (%)	Female (%)	Unknown (%)
18-24	15	10	20	0
25-34	25	15	15	0
35-44	30	20	10	0
45-54	20	15	5	0
55-64	15	10	5	0
65-74	10	5	5	0
75+	5	0	5	0

Prothomail Road, Box 140-1000, Inc.
New York, NY

Prevalence: Calculates how many days into year the selected date is. (Accounts for leap years.)

From 1980 to 1989, the number of deaths from heart disease decreased by 25 percent, from 1,000 to 750 per 100,000 people, according to the CDC.

Environ 2002) and WHO. Regulators #1, #2 top your own, because, obviously.

Provide Comments or Study Note for
analysis of evidence

[illegible][illegible]


```

500 PRINT "The expected hourly rate is
"
510 PRINT "Press any key to run the
"
520 GOTO
530 UNTILFALSE
540 GOTO
550
560 DEFPROCcalc
570 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
580 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
590 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
600 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
610 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
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990 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO

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1000 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
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1190 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
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1950 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
1960 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
1970 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
1980 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO
1990 IFAL1>=0 THEN GOTO

```


And to follow . . .

Adrian Warman continues with the second part of his menu program

This week we finish off the assembly listing of the program and also present a Basic loader for those without assemblers.

How the Program works (contin from last week.)

10-23 Finds the value for *year*. This value is also placed in *year*, which is used to keep track of which screen *year* the selection cursor is currently on.

10-25 Finds the value for *month*. However, let it is greater than *year*.

10-26 Finds the current position of the text screen, and subtracts it to the page number in the screen position.

10-28 Sets in the screen value of the screen position. However, the screen now that the selection cursor is on, it is necessary to convert this to a memory location, stored in *year*.

10-29 Now has the screen value that the selection cursor is on. Using this, it calculates how many screen rows to move down to show the current position of the selection cursor.

10- Highlights the screen item.

10-10 Waits for any key press. When found, a page the key can key

10- Removes the highlight from the screen item.

10-10 Was the key *F1* or any other screen-check for a different key

10-10 Moves up by the number of rows in *year*.

10-10 If the cursor would be off the top of the screen, goes and sets to see if wrap is available.

10-10 If the cursor past the top of the screen? If so, branches to the end of main loop

10-10 The cursor is now too high. If wrap is allowed, sets cursor position to the bottom screen item — otherwise puts cursor on the top screen item.

10-10 Was the key *F1* or not a screen.

10-10 Moves down to next screen item.

10-10 If the cursor is still in the screen from *year*, carries on to the end of the main program loop

10-10 The cursor is past the end of the screen. Depending on the value of *wrap*, moves the cursor to the top or bottom of the screen screen.

10-10 Makes a final check. Was the key *Return*? If not, goes and repeats the program loop until selection is made. Otherwise, final program.

10-10 Should the selected item remain highlighted? If so, sets highlight again.

10-10 Now contains the screen row of the selection cursor. Does this is calculate which screen item this was. The screen is put into the *F* register

10-10 Loads *F* with zero in order to return the correct value. Finally compares it to zero with the screen item loaded

10-10 Produces the screen message.

10-10 Finds the final parameter in the command line. Finally prints address and returns a value in the *F* register. This is compared with the maximum value allowed. If it is OK, it returns otherwise it produces an error

10-10 Highlights screen item. First has the start address of the screen part on the screen. Finds the maximum number of characters to highlight.

In practice, the routine *Inventory* is used last in order to make it as flexible as possible, the calling parameters must be correspondingly powerful. As with most things, the best way to learn how to use the routine is first to run the example program, and then modify it for yourself.

```
1000 REM BASIC LOADER FOR MENU SELECTION PROGRAM.
1010 :
1020 REM BY A.WARMAN
1030 :
1040 ADDRESS=49100
1050 SUM=0
1060 :
1070 FOR LOC=ADDRESS TO ADDRESS+273
1080 READ DATA
1090 POKE LOC,DATA
1100 SUM=SUM+DATA
1110 NEXT LOC
1120 :
1130 IF SUM<34849 THEN PRINT "SUM ERROR."
1140 :
1150 DATA 169, 14,141, 17, 3,169,192,141, 16, 3, 96, 76,238,192,149, 2
1160 DATA 32,243,192,134,139, 32,243,192,134,140,149, 4, 32,243,192,134
1170 DATA 141,324, 0,340,330,149, 40, 32,243,192,134,251,142, 40, 3, 32
1180 DATA 243,192,134,252,138, 56,239,251,141, 42, 3,240,206, 40,204,149
1190 DATA 20, 32,243,192,134,253,134,142, 32,243,192,134,254,234, 0,340
1200 DATA 166,303,234,253,144,141,173,134, 2,141, 41, 3,173, 40, 3,133
1210 DATA 20,173, 41, 3,133, 21,166,142,240, 12,169, 40, 24,101, 24,133
1220 DATA 30,144, 2,330, 31,302,306,242, 32, 5,193, 32,326,253,246,251
1230 DATA 141, 43, 3, 32, 5,193,173, 43, 3,301,133,200, 31,168,142, 56
1240 DATA 239,141,133,142,204,240,174, 4,177,203,174, 47,165,140,206, 4
1250 DATA 165,253,133,142, 14, 37,165,254,133,142, 14, 31,203,134,206, 27
1260 DATA 165,142, 24,101,141,133,142,197,254,240, 14,144, 14,162,140,206
1270 DATA 4,142,254,133,142, 14, 4,162,253,133,142,173, 43, 3,301, 13
1280 DATA 240, 3, 76, 92,192,165,139,240, 3, 32, 3,192,165,142, 56,239
1290 DATA 253,140, 0,330, 56,329,141, 14,230,149, 0,106, 5, 0,142, 14
1300 DATA 76, 55,164,141, 43, 3, 32,253,174, 32,158,193,234, 43, 3,176
1310 DATA 237,173, 42, 3, 96,172, 42, 3,177, 20, 73,138,145, 20,134, 14
1320 DATA 243,94
```


Commodore 64

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DOI: 10.1002/for

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DOI: 10.1002/for

Year	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995

11. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1001-1005.

[illegible][illegible]

Year	1990	1991	1992	1993
1990	1990	1991	1992	1993

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Figure 6

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Table 1

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension on the transformation efficiency of *Agrobacterium* strains. The concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension was 10⁶ cells/ml (A), 10⁷ cells/ml (B), 10⁸ cells/ml (C), and 10⁹ cells/ml (D). The concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension was 10⁶ cells/ml (A), 10⁷ cells/ml (B), 10⁸ cells/ml (C), and 10⁹ cells/ml (D). The concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension was 10⁶ cells/ml (A), 10⁷ cells/ml (B), 10⁸ cells/ml (C), and 10⁹ cells/ml (D). The concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension was 10⁶ cells/ml (A), 10⁷ cells/ml (B), 10⁸ cells/ml (C), and 10⁹ cells/ml (D).

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0001.098	0.0000	0
0001.099	0.0000	0
0001.100	0.0000	0

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on ZX81

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The program is almost instantaneous at Fast mode, and by converting decimal numbers on a "trial and error" basis, you will soon begin to see how binary numbers are built up from powers of 2.

The program itself is written in two distinct sections. The main program, written

in Basic, deals with the screen display and the input of numbers, and it calls the appropriate machine code instructions to carry out the conversions. The machine code section, listed in the Basic statement at line 1, is 64 bytes long and comprises three short subroutines:

1. Address 1004 to 1007 sets and 8 to 1 of 8080, the single byte representing the decimal number to be converted, and pushes "1" to the appropriate position in 8081 to do.
2. Address 1008 to 1010 checks in one scan of the 4 bytes of 8081 (0 to 3), which represents the binary number to be converted, if 8080 is a "1" then 8 to 1 of 8080 is set to "1" otherwise the 15 remains a "0".
3. Address 1011 to 1015 is an unconditional call to each of the previous subroutines. The flag where 8080

is being set in the register can be used by the system routine 1007 (Remember that although errors and other routines get processed almost all returned to a GOTO). You can repeat your 8080 and 8081 scans as often as you like (up to 255) and the 8080 will add to 8081 in a loop.

Thus, after converting binary to decimal, the bit pattern of 8080 is a duplicate of the binary 8081, and vice versa. Not limited to binary conversion.

- 1 Type in the listing shown in Fig. 1
- 2 Run, and enter the two codes on the right of Fig. 1, either as single bytes (eg, C2) or as instructions (eg, C2A000)
- 3 Delete lines 10-40
- 4 Type in lines 12 to 100 as Fig. 2
- 5 Save the program before running

FIG. 1

Binary
by Stuart Clark

Baud Walk



The password

Now that as usual on the Baud Walk. The biggest concerners UK and it's joint announcement in developing standard protocols for inter-connection between networks. There is obviously going to make life easier in years to come for us networkers. On the political front, it will stop BSX — hopefully — stream-lining its own network architecture in the UK in the interests of all others.

Another piece of good news, in the Press, the networkers welcome, plan to launch its new educational services for micro users this January. They are about to go the rounds of

secondary education in the UK offering cheap connect time, subscriptions and a variety of hardware and software. The major problem I can see, perhaps, with this service is the position of the telephone in schools and its possible abuse.

I thought it was worth describing the special user instructions when accessing bulletin boards. The first few calls can be very difficult and daunting at times and you eventually get the hang of them.

Bulletin boards normally require a 56/2800 baud modem... although 1200/75 baud is increasing in popularity. A full list appears in the accompanying feature in the August 1 issue.

Information about software for the boards can be obtained from the announcements of Free Public Access Systems, 411 Exchide Lane, Hail. If you do want more data you need an SBC and describe which configuration of micro and modem you have.

When logging on to these boards, first listen for the carrier tone. Switch your modem on and type C2 (change setting on C2M C2). The screen will normally clear and ask you to type in your call name. This requires with the system operating software (typical), to stick to one call sign for subsequent calls.

Some systems will ask for a password. It is the operator's way also of identifying what type of terminal you are. The answerbook should be able to lower case or not. Typing Mds on F is the re-format of the message may be your only way out.

Initials boards will then display your menu options, which will vary according to the degree of complexity and resources of the board.

The most common are as follows:

- B — Read messages left on the board
- Q — Quick scan of messages

extremely on

- E — Edit message
- M — Electronic mail section
- L — Leave message on board
- S — Special interest group area
- F — Bulletin
- I — Information request
- T — elapsed time
- D — Download file
- Flash — Upload file
- G — Goodbye, log-off
- P — Reconnect terminal
- C — Chat to escape
- U — User-log of other callers

Keep this list handy until you're got the hang of it. The only real way to learn, however, is get that dial going.

Robin Wilkinson

Baud Walk is a new monthly column which offers an interesting, often amusing, mixture of hardware and software tips and pieces of current information.

Any readers with experience of networking are asked to send their suggestions in terms of problems to Brian Williams, Baud Walk Editor, Computer Systems, 54-55 Ladbroke Grove, London W10 6AA. He can also be contacted on Baud Walk 01-907717.

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*All graphics on these versions.

Information available from Hewson Consultants (see page 10) or a list of computer software houses.

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| 4 Sea | 5 Bubble | 60 Bubble |
| 7 Platforms | 8 Valve | 81 Fuel Gauge |
| 9 Lockers | 90 Lost Level | 99 New Remaining |



Get rich quick by collecting Diamonds that are simply lying there waiting for you!

Oh... I forgot to mention that there are one or two problems! There is an expense of Shark Infested water between you and the Diamonds and a strange breed of Bubble that seems to'll keep on getting you in it! Somewhere you must cross it... You have a Rocket Pac to help you in Valves on higher levels! But you must rush around the platforms and lockers collecting cans of fuel (cans of fuel with the Valves) and crossing that weird Bubble! Once you have enough fuel then it's Chooos! Away!

Oh... but don't run out of fuel on the way - otherwise it's... **SPLASH!**

The aim is to collect all the diamonds from the far left hand side of the screen, whilst avoiding the rampant Bubble! These come from the sea and will be kept on returning to their watery habitat with your low Score or later you are going to end up in the drink! The idea is to make it later!

By being careful the system of platforms and lockers, cleverly avoiding the Bubble, you collect the fuel cans which appear in random positions. As you consider that your fuel gauge indicates sufficient in the tank, Now you can go and collect your rocket! With the rocket pack strapped to your back you can fly across the expense of sea to collect the diamonds - but don't run out of fuel or your rocket pack will simply disappear and you will wind up in the drink!

There are six stages with six different platform layouts. On stages 1-3 the Bubble, which floats in front of the platforms with varying size, gets an ever increasing ability to home in on your position, making the task of staying alive more demanding with each stage. On stages 4-6 you once again deal with the rampant Bubble (but it is a biased robot!) but the fuel cans are replaced by bags of loot which you must collect to feed your machine. And since it has enough energy (as your fuel tank) you must flip across the water on its back to collect the diamonds.

Extra money is awarded for every 10,000 points - but ONLY once you have collected all the diamonds and to complete each particular stage.

GOOD LUCK!

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(no stamp required) **(B83658) .B86 2YY**

Software Farm, 255 Whitechapel Road, Clifton, Bristol BS8 2NF
Telephone 0878 738111 Telex 444348 AFMADV G

Peek & Poke



Acoustic coupler

A Reader of Whitehaven, Cumbria writes:

Q I am seriously thinking of buying a modem, but the snag is my telephone is not very new. The plug is permanently fixed to the wall, and an acoustic coupler would be a good option as the computer is rather a long distance from the phone. Could you please advise me as to what to do?

A If you do not have one of the new FT jack plug sockets (which cost about £10) then you will have to use an acoustic coupler. Distance from the telephone is a problem, but only if you were upstairs and the phone was out. Acoustic modems are not as reliable as other types of modem, but they are still very usable. My advice is to invest your local FT before the queue for advice on how to proceed. The service will cost you nothing and you are certain of an expert on-the-spot opinion.

Disabled keys

G Wright of Lenton, Notts writes:

Q I own a Tio 20 and would like to know how to disable the Run/Stop key. I have found that *Printing Utilities* and using an *Input* statement will disable the Run/Stop and *Search* keys, but that the only way to disable Run/Stop is to program in machine code. Also, regarding the symbols *<* and *>* stand for? My speech synthesiser pronounces

them as 'Power', but I can't understand what they are there for. Just seems a waste of good keyboard space is all.

A In order to disable the Run/Stop key you should *Print 108,110*. The *Poke* you mention only disables the *Search* key. To disable both the Run/Stop and *Search* keys you should *Poke 108,110*. The two characters you mention are actually used for cursor control, try experimenting with them when you have a program listed on the screen, and you might find out how useful they can be.

Basic learning

P G Dix of Aberystwyth, Ceredigion writes:

Q I have recently purchased a BBC B, for both personal and business use. However, the nearest I have ever been to a computer before this is the retail side of a shop window.

Can you suggest any course that people such as myself (I am a hotelier) could attend, where we could spend a week or so learning the basics? Questions the post.

A As you are a hotelier, I suggest *Basic*. I know that may seem a little strange for the course to be in *Basic* programming, but my friend who runs a highly recommended by Mr Harding in Vol 1 No 24.

The course runs for a week and details are obtainable from *Basic* in *Basic*.

Computer education

Mohamed Ismail Al Sharaf of Kuwait writes:

Q These days it is commonly found that computers are in use in schools for educational purposes, especially the BBC computer.

I wish to know how computers and computer-aided learning and teaching can help the students in their normal studies, and what kind of software is used for this purpose?

A The biggest aspect that computers have made in the educational field has occurred in the primary schools. There are many reasons that the secondary schools have not made as much of computers as the classrooms, the main one being that they are constrained by the formal requirements of some syllabus.

Some teachers use computers as a way of interesting young children in the 'basic' elements of spelling, simple mathematics, and elementary geography. The computer is seen as a way of coping with the wide range of abilities found in a single class. Most of the software for these (and other) purposes has been produced, either by teachers, or by those closely associated with the teaching profession. Virtually all of the primary school software now contains graphics as a means of getting the message across and also as a 'reward' problem.

Compiler answer

A Pearce of Birmingham writes:

Q I own a CERN 14. I am writing an adventure game, but I would like my program to be in machine code rather than slow Commodore *Basic*. I have heard that a compiler might be the answer, can you confirm this? Also, can you tell me how big a *Basic* program is, can compile, as my program will use nearly all the available memory (24-32K). How could I gain access to the hidden memory which is denied the *Basic* program? Another question, how can I implement my own graphics in machine code in my adventure?

A A compiler would be the answer, except that we they usually have to compile in

memory when the program runs you might well run short of memory. Also, you would be unable to tell your finished program, because of copyright problems. A compiler will take up between 8-10K of memory and will almost certainly place restrictions on you as to what basic commands you can use, as well as reducing the facilities of the machine.

Whilst I sympathise with your wish for your program to be important, it is true to say that adventure games do not need to be very quick. You do need to respond to an input as fast as possible, I agree, but my random events, or movements can take place while you are waiting for the next input. Your only other real alternative is to write in machine code or to use a compiler and look for ways of saving space. One such way would be to use character compression to reduce the amount of memory needed to hold the textual descriptions of locations, etc.

Joystick interface

Paul Stead of Hild writes:

Q I recently purchased a Dr'Tronics keyboard for my Spectrum and I have found that it means that an interface is the only the back of it. I wrote in Dr'Tronics and told them of my problem, but I am afraid I did not get a reply. I would be very grateful if you could help me.

A I am sorry you were recommended a reply from the manufacturer. The only difficulty in connecting joystick interfaces to the keyboard that I have come across concerns the *Search* joystick interface. You should be able to connect any other interface that uses the edge connector without any trouble. The ZX printer works quite happily with the keyboard.

Is there anything about your computer you don't understand, and which everyone else seems to take for granted? Whatever your problem *Peek & Poke* is Paul Rogers and every week he will *Poke* back as many answers as he can. The address is *Peek & Poke*, PCW, 12-13 Little Newport Street, London WC2R 3LD.

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New Releases

MEGA-BIX

In *Perseus' Path*, Perse is praised because of his concern for what and the way it is as easily demonstrated by Mega-Whisker. This is superior construction of the highest level.

Perse looks really like one of those Weather characters and his job is to dig in the sand which is falling from the heavens speaking and protect both it and himself by feeding the crying Mega-Whisker. There's lots of colour and graphics in the game, but it isn't particularly very sophisticated. This is perhaps why Utek have steamed it up to a poorer player's simplicity can be a virtue.

If you're five, you may well love the game, if you're 25 you won't be impressed. Technically it's nothing special.



Program Perseus' Path
Price £2.95
Media Spectrum
Supplier Blair
41 Redford Road
Chesham
Nearby open Tree
N23 3JH

FOR SCHOOLS

I think, like every school, his week end, meaning for it to be chopped off, that *Pilot + Plus 64* is the first appearance of this language on the Commodore 64. In fact, I can't recall having seen another version, so any homeowner who has the 64C Pilot is supposed to be as good as language as there for learning with and is particu-



larly suitable for doing like tests and other things with a lot-like structure.

The lesson you get with the program gives you enough information about the language to enable you to actually do some programming of your own, as opposed to releasing you to release words on the subject.

Although it could be useful for writing things like adventure games, I suspect that mostly this is a package for use in schools rather than for the average parent, hence, partly, the price £28.

Program Pilot+Plus64
Price £28
Media Commodore 64
Supplier Dorset Press
4 Main Road
Chesham
N23 3JH

GO WEST

An adventure for adventures and 22 bits of long standing. The Quest for the Holy Grail. It's not only and Quilled, but with a new line in in-jokes and references to the famous and present of computer life.

One of the first locations you'll come to is the 22 Computer Plus at Alexandra Palace at which you will find such obvious references points as "The Renegade mind" and "The Bridge" (who left). Here, too, you will discover one of my favourite bits. "What there is a very famous adventure" it says. You go west and west, but it's for yourself.

Virtually every adventure



WIDE VOCABULARY

Almost a year ago Palen released, under license, a version of Scrabble for the Spectrum that had a vast vocabulary and had to all around and expressed. It was a real enough program in the collected on the special procedure deal similar have planned for Christmas.

Now the people who loved the license, Leisure Games, have issued the Commodore 64 version of the game. It forms part of a planned range of games based on concepts designed by Spence and Widdowson.

The Commodore version of Scrabble adopts the same standards as the Spectrum one. The Scrabble board on screen is completely small — just big enough for you to read the letters. Up to four can play, one of whom can be the computer. The computer is equipped with 11,000 words which is enough to ensure a reasonable game.

How long the computer spends looking through its database of words is determined by a skill level set at the beginning of the game. The highest level can take a very long time indeed. As in the Spectrum game, you can see the computer trying out words and checking scores on the screen while you're waiting for it to come to a conclusion.

you can think of, including Dave and The Hobbit appears at some point in the game and personally I found a high relief for a game, particularly an adventure, that does not take itself too seriously. Not only that, but it seems to function perfectly well as an adventure, too. After all how I was still more the more about the plot but quite concerned. Excellent for those who don't like to take advantage of too seriously.

Program The Quest for the Holy Grail
Price £10.95
Media Spectrum
Supplier Colin 4 Software
The Shering
New Road, Peasack
Nash S23 3PE

People always complain if one reviews things by comparing them with something on another machine, so let's just say that Scrabble on the Commodore 64 plays a mean game and that any homecomputer can play Scrabble at a reasonable thing in kind. As much it's highly recommended to any Commodore owner. But I can't help thinking it's a bit odd that it knows so many words and responds more slowly than the Spectrum 48K instead of by memory.



Program Scrabble
Price £10.95
Media Commodore 64
Supplier Leisure Games
2 Manly Road
London W14 9JH

SIX-PACK

Hardly a new release — but a new concept perhaps. Beam Jolly has brought up the right to most of the league catalogue and are using the games, along with a couple of bonuses as packs of four and six.

There's little point in reviewing the games (apart from one reason one called *64C 64* which is also available separately and can be reviewed as such) but given that the Commodore 64 pack, for example, consists of *Aradia* (very good), *Aradia* (not so good), *Aradia* (not so good), *Aradia* (not so good), *Aradia* (not so good), *Aradia* (not so good), *Aradia* (not so good), *Aradia* (not so good).

usually, *Breakout* (very good) and *3D Juggler Jack* (best Frogger) — it's obvious you're not getting close.

Therefore the main consideration is the price — it's £14.99 for the six packs and £9.99 for four. That's around £250 a game — most of them previously £2.99 or so. So the packs are an excellent idea for those who've just bought their computer and want a range of games to start off with or maybe who want something to buy as a Christmas present, but are not sure what to choose.

Programs *Commodore 64 Pack*
Price £14.99
Name *Commodore 64*
Supplier *Just July*
30 Newbury
Reading
London W9 1NW

BODILY PARTS

Frank N Stein is fun, in fact, although there's really nothing technically innovative about it and neither could it really be said to be original in any way, somewhere it does something right and I found myself having more fun just watching others than I have had for ages. *Frank N Stein* is fun.

It's a collect and-destroy game — you collect the bits of Frank N Stein's body, destroy various completely irrelevant and odd objects and wander back and forth. There are various platforms on various levels and you must use a series of springs to bounce from one to another. Frank N Stein's monster's parts have to be collected in the right order and eventually returned to the lab at the top of the screen.

Each screen is different and requires a new strategy: things bounce, move and beat you in unexpected ways and figuring out how to collect all the different bodily parts without getting bored becomes a matter of some judgement and skill. In the top five within two weeks of release, it's my

Program *Frank N Stein*
Price £14.99
Name *Frank N Stein*
Supplier *400 Sherry Street, 4th*
Denver
CO 80202

UNPARTISAN

Cosmi have produced the first reasonable *Track and Field* since I've seen it. It can come as no surprise to discover that it's for the Commodore 64.

United Daily Thompson's *Decision* it is apparently endorsed by your favourite world's greatest athletes and mine, as well as being well worth I suppose, it couldn't be said to require the same skills as the real thing, though.

The game also has an extensive soundtrack, which is partly Yellow Magic Orchestra (hope you're paying royalties, kids) and partly a specially composed Olympic anthem-type thing which is actually pretty good.

Like *Track and Field* you run, throw and jump by a mixture of linear joystick tapping and the fire button — the former to get up speed, the latter to determine the angle of jump (or throw). You can compete against the computer and another player — if you beat the current record the crowd erupts with actualy unpartisan cheers. (Have the program designer from now, like.)

It's not *Track and Field*, at all — the graphics aren't quite up to it, but it's close and there's a little man who comes out to measure your jump each time when appropriate.

Program *Daily Thompson's*
Decision
Price £14.99
Name *Commodore 64*
Supplier *400 Sherry Street*
4th Denver
CO 80202



XMAS

Every year and then we get something new for the Texas TI99/4A, the temptation to ignore it is strong, though, since unless they come from Texas themselves they are certain to be at least and not good compared with the offerings of other nations. This, I hasten to add, is totally Texas's fault for not making the technical details of the machine more available.

Sloopy's Christmas is based on a well-known cartoon character to which Sloopy has been almost comically don't have the rights. The game has three screens to get from one to the other you need a password. The first screen has you helping Sloopy's loved to drop it (literally) so his Christmas celebrations, then, he has to shoot a rocket and finally drive home safely.

One nice thing is that the program loads on one tape channel, the other is used to play music — probably the missing for a place to take off.

Program *Sloopy's Christmas*
Price £7
Name *Texas TI99/4A*
Supplier *Commodore 64*
400 Sherry Street
4th Denver
CO 80202

BIG DADDY

One programme seems to be what's happening — now, in the wonderful world of computer software — doesn't have been

released over the past few months (going back to the all the family apparently — my family have them).

What looks like being the big daddy of them all is *Junior Ques* for the BBC and the Electron. This tape has a machine-code program that formats and organizes the questions and 12 lines of questions on various subjects from nature spelling.

Aside from the vast number of questions available, what also makes this one of the best of its kind is a sensible menu system that lets you choose the style of question you want — multiple choice, yes or no — and add your own questions to the list.

The program is neatly packaged with a clear explanation of what does what and the range of questions should mean it takes quite a while to exhaust.

Program *Junior Ques*
Price £14.99
Name *BBC Electron*
Supplier *Electronic Software*
1 Figgins Close
Wokingham
Reading
RG40 2LT

HIGHLIGHTS

Although nothing seems to be able to match *Football Manager* from its position as 'the best football manager game' people still venture into the game — probably because a lot of programmes also like football.

The *Double* is for the Commodore 64 and has the immediate value of being £14.99. It's far more a management game than *Football Manager* — it doesn't let you manage, but match highlights graphically displayed. On the other hand there are a large number of options available to you, from changing the formation of the team to spying on your rivals.

If you're not happy and asking players value, as manager you have to consider things like gas bills, wages and other maintenance details. Can you fight your way to the first division without going broke? For a mere £14.99 you can find out.

Program *The Double*
Price £14.99
Name *Commodore 64*
Supplier *Electronic Software*
400 Sherry Street
4th Denver
CO 80202

Rank	Book Title	Category
1	Book 101	Computer
2	Book 102	Computer
3	Book 103	Computer
4	Book 104	Computer
5	Book 105	Computer
6	Book 106	Computer
7	Book 107	Computer
8	Book 108	Computer
9	Book 109	Computer
10	Book 110	Computer

Rank	Book Title	Category
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2	Book 112	Computer
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9	Book 119	Computer
10	Book 120	Computer

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9	Book 149	Computer
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8	Book 168	Computer
9	Book 169	Computer
10	Book 170	Computer

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Rank	Book Title	Category
1	Book 171	Computer
2	Book 172	Computer
3	Book 173	Computer
4	Book 174	Computer
5	Book 175	Computer
6	Book 176	Computer
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10	Book 180	Computer

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CARTOONS

Obviously enough, The Really Easy Guide to Home Computing: Commodore Edition, is really easy, as well as being a useful guide.

It's a big book designed for kids which uses a variety of little cartoons to take you slowly through the rudiments of home programming, pointing out possible sources of error and showing you exactly how to get each of the graphics characters used for the control codes.

The only problem with the book is that, because of its thoroughness, it doesn't actually take you very far — the latter pages go only so far as to deal with printing things on the screen in the right position and using control characters.

Still, it ought to be very useful to the absolute beginner who is in no hurry to understand everything at once.

Book	The Really Easy Guide to Home Computing
Price	£2.95
Notes	Commodore 40
Supplier	Century Communications Portland House 12-13 Great Street London W1V 5JL

SIMPLE

Following close on the heels of Parli as language of the month is Logo, versions of which are cropping up all over the place — a Spectrum edition was recently released to much acclaim.

Although Logo is supposed to be fairly simple language designed for children to learn quickly there are few simple books about it. One problem is the non-standardisation of versions of the language — among others only the Sordian one is supposed to meet the official requirements.

Logo Programming, a book from Century, gets round the compatibility problem by presenting problems for both Apple and Research Machines Logo types with notes covering other differences.

Obviously much of the book concerns itself with turtle techniques and drawing pictures but there is more to Logo than that. Other sections of the book describe the use of Logo to manipulate text and Sordian, using lists and procedures.

Book	Logo Programming
Price	£3.00
Notes	General
Supplier	Century Publishing Portland House 12-13 Great Street London W1V 5JL

This Week

Program	Type	Notes	Price	Supplier
Search for Squares	Ad	SBC	£1.99	Don
Speedy Motion Alpha	Ad	SBC	£1.99	Don
SPC Book	Ad	SBC	£1.99	Don
Auto Designer	Ad	SBC	£1.99	Don
Alpha	Ad	SBC	£1.99	Don
Brown Box	Ad	Commodore 64	£14.95	SE Gold
John Box	Ad	Commodore 64	£4.95	Robson
The Golden Quest	Ad	Commodore 64	£14.95	SE Gold
Box Gold Box	Ad	Commodore 64	£14.95	Robson
Rescue Freddie	Ad	Commodore 64	£4.95	Commodore
Barry	Ad	Commodore 64	£4.95	Commodore
Scoutin Box	Ad	Commodore 64	£4.95	Commodore
Love Box	Ad	Commodore 64	£4.95	Commodore
New Computers	Ad	Commodore 64	£4.95	Commodore
Printer 100	Ad	Commodore 64	£4.95	Commodore
Disposal	Ad	Spectrum	£1.99	Commodore
Alpha Box	Ad	Spectrum	£1.99	Commodore
Box Box	Ad	Spectrum	£1.99	Commodore
The First Minutes	Ad	Spectrum	£1.99	Commodore
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Program	Type	Notes	Price	Supplier
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Key: Ad — advertisement — special — standard
S — strategy research — utility

This Week is a new section that appears at the end of each issue of the magazine. It lists all the new software coming out in the next three months each week. All suppliers should send details of their new programs to This Week, Maxwell Computing Weekly 12-13 Little Market Street, London WC2H 9LL.

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